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Getting started with $\mathsf{REXYGEN}$ on Pigeon PLC

User guide

REX Controls s.r.o.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

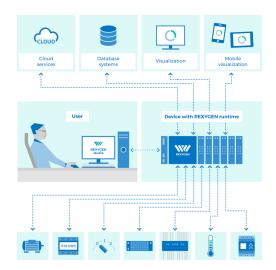
The **REXYGEN** system is a family of software products for automation projects. You can use it in all fields of automation, robotics, measurements and feedback control.

The runtime core of the **REXYGEN** system turns your Pigeon PLC into a programmable device which will run your algorithms.

1.1 Features of the **REXYGEN** system

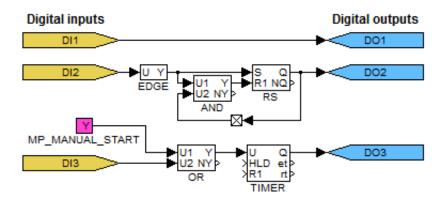
- Graphical programming without hand-coding
- Programming control units on a standard PC or laptop
- User interface for desktop, tablet and smartphone (HMI)
- Wide family of supported devices and input-output units (including Pigeon PLC)
- Industry-proven control algorithms
- Easy integration into business IT infrastructure (ERP/BMS)
- REST API for seamless integration into Industry 4.0 and (I)IoT solutions

1.2 Structure of the **REXYGEN** system



1.3 Programming in the **REXYGEN** system

The REXYGEN system offers a graphical development environment for programming the algorithms. You can use standard desktop or laptop PC. You create the algorithms from the so-called function blocks. The library includes countless items (timers, comparators, filters, PID controllers and many more).



1.4 Main components of the **REXYGEN** system

1.4.1 **REXYGEN Studio** – the development environment

REXYGEN Studio is a developer's tool which runs on a standard PC with Windows. You create the algorithms using the function block library¹ of the **REXYGEN** system [1]. The

 $^{^1{\}rm The}$ IEC 61131-3 standard defines Function Block Diagram (FBD) as one of the PLC programming techniques.

library contains simple comparators and timers as well as advanced blocks for signal processing and feedback control (PID controllers etc.). You compile your project on your PC and run it on your Pigeon PLC.

Once running, you can watch your algorithm in real-time. Just select the signals and function blocks of your interest. You can also obtain detailed hierarchical information about the running algorithm and diagnose the runtime core and execution of your algorithm. You can connect via local network or over the Internet.

1.4.2 **REXYGEN HMI Designer**

The REXYGEN HMI Designer is another developer's tool intended for designing graphical user interface (or HMI, Human Machine Interface, if you prefer) for your algorithms. The user interface is included in the project and it is copied to your Pigeon PLC along with the algorithm.

1.4.3 **REXYGEN** Compiler

The REXYGEN Compiler converts your algorithms into binary code of the REXYGEN system. The compiler is almost invisible for the user, it is invoked from the REXYGEN Studio development environment. The compiler detects and reports possible errors in your algorithms.

1.4.4 RexCore

The RexCore (REXYGEN runtime core) service runs on the target device (Pigeon PLC). Once installed, it runs in the background and therefore it is almost invisible for the user. It handles timing and execution of your algorithms and provides various services. The individual tasks are prioritized and executed using preemptive multitasking. The RexCore service is automatically started at system startup.

RexCore further contains an integrated webserver providing user interface (HMI) and REST API. Chapter 3 deals with installing all the necessary modules on Pigeon PLC.

1.4.5 **REXYGEN** Diagnostics

With REXYGEN Diagnostics you can diagnose the runtime core and execution of your algorithm. It is an alternative standalone tool for commissioning and diagnostics of control algorithms. All the diagnostic functions are included in REXYGEN Studio, therefore REXYGEN Diagnostics can be considered obsolete. You can connect via local network or over the Internet.

Chapter 2

Installation of REXYGEN development tools

This chapter describes the steps to install and uninstall the development tools of the REXYGEN system on Windows 7/8/10 operating systems. The tools also run on various GNU/Linux distributions using Wine¹.

2.1 Windows 7/8/10

The installation package of REXYGEN development tools contains the REXYGEN Studio and REXYGEN HMI Designer development environments, the REXYGEN Compiler compiler and the REXYGEN Diagnostics tool. It also includes the RexCore (REXYGEN runtime core) module for developing and testing purposes.

The installation package can be downloaded from

https://www.rexygen.com/software-download.

The installation process requires the administrator rights on your PC.

2.1.1 Installation procedure

- Run the REXYGEN-X.XX.XXX.PPP.exe downloaded from https://www.rexygen.com/software-download.
- 2. Select the language and follow the installation wizard.
- Select the target installation folder, the default is C:\Program Files\REX Controls\REXYGEN X.XX.XX.XXX.
- 4. Afterwards you can select the components to install. The requirements are quite low (approx 400 MB disk space) therefore the Full install option is recommended.
- 5. The following steps are standard and do not require further explanation.

¹http://www.winehq.org

There is no need to restart the system after installation.

2.1.2 Uninstall procedure

The common procedure can be used to uninstall REXYGEN development tools – go to *Control panel* and choose *Install/Uninstall programs*.

2.2 GNU/Linux

On various GNU/Linux distributions, you may install the development tools using Wine² 2.0 or later. Although we test the development tools in Wine regularly, please note that this is meant for experienced users and limited support is provided.

Follow the instructions for installation under Windows 7/8/10 given in section 2.1. The installation is started with wine REXYGEN-X.XX.XX.XXX-PPP.exe command entered at the console prompt. Some distributions (e.g. Ubuntu) allow running the installator by clicking the REXYGEN-X.XX.XXX.PPP.exe file.

 $^{^{2}}$ http://www.winehq.org

Chapter 3

Installing the runtime modules of the REXYGEN system on Pigeon PLC

3.1 Install using operating system image

- It is highly recommended to use the official Pigeon PLC OS image with REXYGEN which you can download from http://pigeoncomputers.com/documentation/installation/.
- 2. After you download the file, write it to the internal eMMC storage of Pigeon PLC. Instructions for this procedure are available at the same page http://pigeoncomputers.com/documentation/.
- 3. Power up your Pigeon PLC.

3.2 Starting the runtime

Right after the installation, the RexCore runtime module is started automatically in the background as a daemon and it is possible to establish connection between the host PC and the Pigeon PLC using the REXYGEN Studio program. RexCore also automatically runs upon system (re)start.

3.3 Installed files and folders

Please refer to the RexCore user guide [2] for detailed information about the files and folders of the REXYGEN system runtime modules.

Chapter 4

Configuration, compilation and execution

The process of creating a control algorithm will be demonstrated on a very simple example with four Boolean variables representing manual switches. In Chapter 5.3, two of them will be replaced by physical inputs of the Pigeon PLC. A software timer will be used for measuring the time when the variables are true (i.e. the switches are in the ON position). A Boolean signal will indicate that the interval of predefined length has elapsed.

4.1 Creating a new project

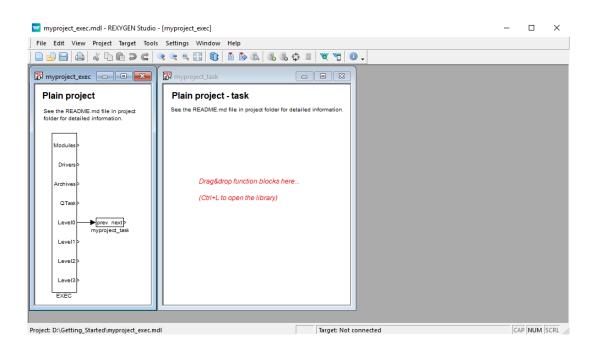
The project configuration is created using the REXYGEN Studio program. Each project consists of at least two .mdl files. The first file is the main file of the project, which is used for configuration of tasks, drivers, priorities and timing. The other file(s) contain the individual control algorithms (tasks).

First we'll create the example 0101-01 from scratch¹. Standard approach:

- 1. Run the REXYGEN Studio program. Start with a plain project and select a folder to save the project files in (e.g. D:\GettingStarted).
- 2. The folder will contain two important files:
 - myproject_exec.mdl
 - myproject_task.mdl

¹All examples which are part of the installation are marked by an ExampleID. The most up-to-date examples are available with the latest installation of development tools or at https://www.rexygen.com/example-projects/

3. The myproject_exec.mdl is the project main file. It contains one EXEC block from the EXEC library. The other block is the TASK block from the same library and it is renamed to myproject_task to reference the second file of the project (myproject_task.mdl), which will contain the algorithm (the so-called task).



- 4. The task is connected to the LevelO output of the EXEC block and therefore its timing is defined by tick and ntickO parameters of the EXEC block.
- 5. The EXEC block (and any other block) can be configured by double-clicking on it. A block parameters and properties dialog appears. The parameters of all blocks of the REXYGEN system are described in the Help (press the F1 key) and in the Block reference manual [1].

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ck ty	ype description:			
al-ti	ime executive			
en b	lock documentation	<u></u>		Toggle quick reference
	eters Runtime	Chile		
		Style		
cala	r parameters			
	Parameter	Value	Туре	Description
1	target	Generic target device 💌	String	Target device
2	tick	0.05	Double	Base tick (period) of the r
3	ntick0	2	Long	Period of tasks in Level0 (
4	ntick1	50	Long	Period of tasks in Level1 (
5	ntick2	100	Long	Period of tasks in Level2 (
6	ntick3	1200	Long	Period of tasks in Level3 (
7	pri0	5	Long	Priority of tasks in Level0
8	pri1	9	Long	Priority of tasks in Level1
-	pri2	13	Long	Priority of tasks in Level2
9			Long	Priority of tasks in Level3

- 6. Note that tick=0.05 and ntick0=2, therefore the task will run each 100 milliseconds $(0.05 \cdot 2 = 0.1s)$. There is no need to change any parameter at the moment. Close the dialog.
- 7. You can delete all the descriptive texts in project files. These have no effect on the functionality and can be considered programmer's comments.
- 8. Open Block Library, choose *View/Block Library* in the menu or use the **1** icon from the toolbar.
- 9. By default, the library is in *Tree view* mode where the blocks are organized in sublibraries. Their location is always denoted as sublibrary/block, e.g. LOGIC/AND for the logical AND block in the LOGIC sublibrary. Inside a sublibrary, the blocks are ordered in alphabetical order.

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See the README.md file in project folder for detailed information.	See the REA		Quick refe	rence
Modules>	Tree view	O List view		Boolean (logic) constant
Drivers >	Block name > GEN > INOUT > LOGIC	Description		on≯ bool CNB
QTask>		Absolute value Addition of two signals Addition of sixteen signals	Outp	Logical output of the block
myproject_task Level1> Level2>		Addition of eight signals Addition of four signals Boolean (logic) constant Enumeration constant Integer constant Real constant	Para YCN	ameters Boolean constant
EXEC	DIF_ DIV	Difference Division of two signals	•	Open block documentation

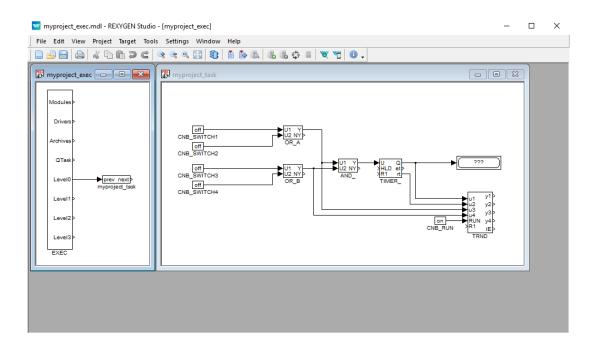
- 10. You can also switch the library to *List view* mode, where all the blocks are sorted alphabetically, regardless of the sublibrary they belong to.
- 11. Locate the following function blocks in the Block Library and drag them to the task file:
 - MATH/CNB constant of type Boolean. Once dropped, double-click its name and change it to CNB_SWITCH1. Double-click the block and set parameter YCN = off.
 - LOGIC/OR_ logical OR. Rename it to OR_A.
 - LOGIC/AND_ logical AND.
 - LOGIC/TIMER_ a timer block. Set parameter mode = 2: Delayed ON, pt = 5.0.
 - INOUT/Display a display to show values in real-time.
 - ARC/TRND real-time recording. Set parameters l = 2000, Title = My timer, leave the default values otherwise.
 - MATH/CNB constant of type Boolean, change name to CNB_RUN, set parameter YCN = on.

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3	myproject_exec	myproject_task		
	Modules>			
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	Archives	OR_A		
	QTask	א⊔1 Y}> א⊔ Q> א⊔2 W}> א⊢LD et> AND R1 rt>	× ???	
	Level0 prev next myproject_task	TIMER_	yu1 y1	
	Level2>		u2 y2> u3 y3>	
	Level3 >		CNB_RUN XRUN Y4 CNB_RUN XR1 iE TRND	
	EXEC			
		L		

- 12. Duplicate the CNB_SWITCH1 block with right mouse button dragging. Or simply Copy&Paste the block.
- 13. Duplicate the block 2 more times.
- 14. Duplicate also the $\texttt{OR}_\texttt{A}$ block. Rename the duplicate to $\texttt{OR}_\texttt{B}.$

w myproject_exec.mdl - REXYGEN Studio	o - [myproject_exec]			-	×
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15. Connect the blocks as shown below. To connect the blocks, drag the output arrow of one block to the input arrow of the other block using the left mouse button. The connection will be established when the line goes bold and green. After releasing the mouse button you can recognize a successfully connected line by its style. A full line terminated by a full arrow at the input of the connected block indicates a valid connection. A dashed red line ending with a thin arrow indicates an unconnected line. New branch of an existing line can be created by dragging an existing line with the right mouse button.

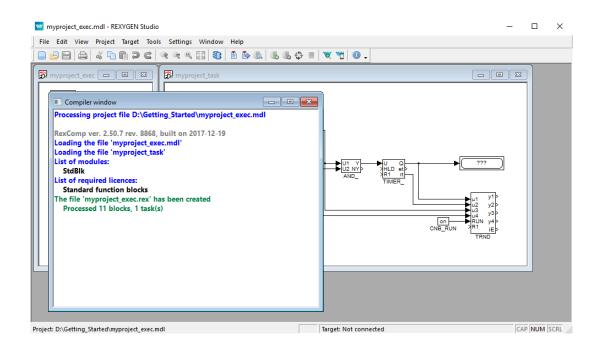


At this moment the executive configuration myproject_exec.mdl and the corresponding myproject_task.mdl file with the algorithm are ready. The algorithm will be evaluated in the direction of the arrows, starting from the source CNB blocks, passing through the OR_, AND_ and TIMER_ blocks and finishing at the Display and TRND blocks.

Congratulations, your first project is ready for compilation!

4.2 Compiling and running a project

The developed algorithm must be compiled to binary form prior to deploying. Pick *Project/Compile* from the menu or use the icon from the toolbar. The compiler output is displayed in the Compiler window. If no error is found, the myproject_exec.rex file is created.



At this moment it is possible to deploy the control algorithm to the target platform. Use *Project/Compile and Download* in the menu or click the Compile and Download icon for this purpose. A dialog for defining the target device appears upon successful compilation.

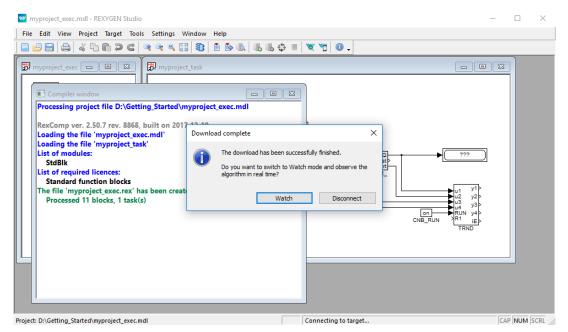
🚾 myproject_exec.mdl - REXYGEN Studio		- 🗆 X
File Edit View Project Target Tools Settings Window Help	w Download configuration to the target - C X	
 - - - 	*	
B myproject_exec	Connection Details Target: 192.168.1.100	
Compiler window	Protocol: TCP/IP	
Processing project file D:\Getting_Started\myproject_exe	User: admin	
RexComp ver. 2.50.7 rev. 8868, built on 2017-12-19	Password:	
Loading the file 'myproject_exec.mdl' Loading the file 'myproject_task'	Save Password:	
List of modules: StdBlk	Description Escription	
List of required licences: Standard function blocks The file 'myproject_exec.rex' has been created Processed 11 blocks, 1 task(s)	Download options Method: Synchronize Store configuration permanently	y1 y2> y3> y4> ₩D
	Progress	
	🛓 Download Close	
Project: D:\Getting_Started\myproject_exec.mdl	Connecting to target	CAP NUM SCRL

Enter the IP address of your Pigeon PLC in the Target field.

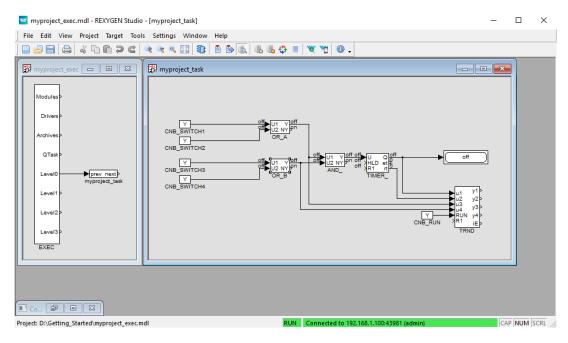
Enter REXYGEN login and password. The default user is **admin** and there is **no password** by default. Leave the other elements intact and click Download.

If there is no licence on your Pigeon PLC, you need to get one first. You can get a DEMO licence for free. See Appendix B for details and come back afterwards.

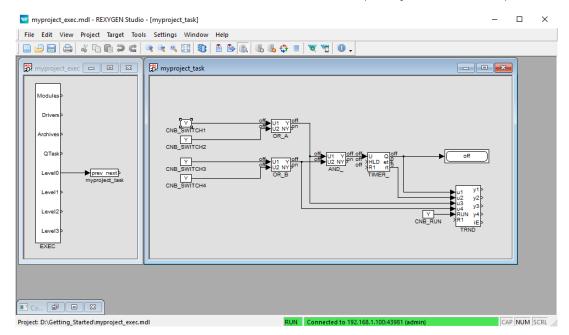
As soon as the download is complete it is possible to switch the REXYGEN Studio application to the so-called *Watch mode* and watch the control algorithm in real-time – click Watch.



In the *Watch mode*, the background of all files goes gray and you cannot move or delete any blocks or connections. Right-click the TIMER_ block and select *Watch selection* in the menu to watch the inputs and outputs of the timer.



You can do the same with the OR_ and AND_ blocks (or any other selection).

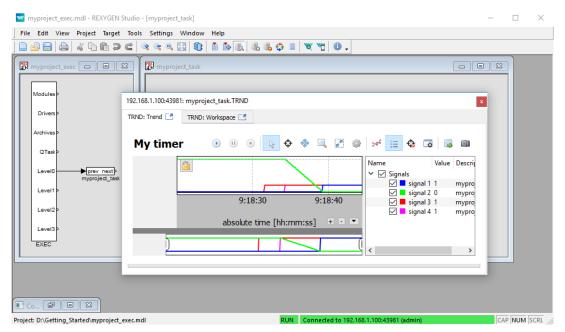


Now it is possible to double-click the CNB_SWITCH1 block and change the Boolean variable to YCN = on (tick the checkbox and click OK). Once you do the same with the CNB_SWITCH3 block, the outputs of both OR blocks are on and the Y output of the AND_ block goes on and the TIMER_ starts to count down. Observe the rt output.² Once the

 $^{^{2}}$ Do not get confused by the default 1 second refresh rate of the *Watch mode*. The algorithm on the target device runs each 100 milliseconds as mentioned earlier.

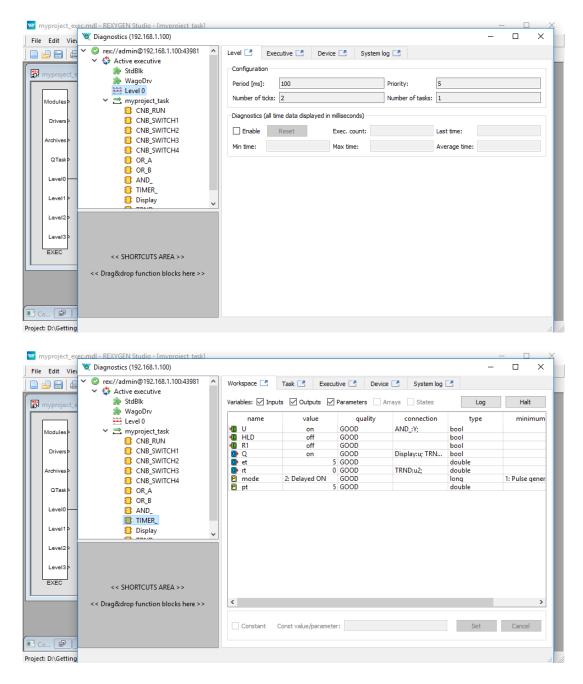
timer reaches zero, its output Q is set to on and it remains on as long as the U input is on.

You can double-click the TRND block to see the signals in a real-time graph. The red line is the output of the OR_A block, the magenta line is the output of the OR_B block, the green line is the remaining time of the timer and the blue line is the Boolean output of the timer.



Try turning the CNB blocks off and change the pt parameter of the TIMER_ block. Afterwards turn the CNB blocks on again and observe the signals in the TRND block again. As you can see, you can modify any parameter in real-time, which allows you to fine tune your algorithm.

It is also possible to open a Diagnostics view of the algorithm. Pick Target/Diagnostics from the menu or click the 💝 icon and you will see the algorithm in a tree view which allows you to monitor the control algorithm in full detail. You can verify that the sampling rate of your algorithm is indeed 100 milliseconds. You can also adjust parameters of individual function blocks, which has the same effect as modifying them directly in the *Block properties* dialog.



Note: There is also a standalone diagnostics program called REXYGEN Diagnostics. Click the REXYGEN Diagnostics icon ^{WC} and confirm the IP address of the target platform.

Now you can switch REXYGEN Studio back to the *Development mode*. You can do so by deactivating the *Watch mode* (use the \blacksquare icon). You are offered synchronization of the changed parameters with the source files of the project, choose No at this moment.

All changes made while in the *Watch mode* are not permanently stored in the target device (unless you decide so, see [3]). Upon restarting the RexCore runtime module the algorithm will start with the parameters defined in the project source files, which were valid when compiling and downloading the algorithm to the target device. To apply the changes permanently, you have to transfer the changes to the source files and *Compile and download* the project one more time which defines new startup values.

4.3 Adding a user interface (HMI)

The next step in developing a control algorithm is its user interface, or HMI, Human-Machine-Interface. It allows anyone (even those who are not familiar with the REXYGEN system) to interact with the algorithm. The HMI of the REXYGEN system relies on modern web-based technology and the HMI is therefore accessible via web browser on desktop PC, tablet or smartphone.

In this tutorial, a simple HMI will be created using the so-called WebBuDi technology. It provides very simple indicators and input elements to interact with the control algorithm via a web page (Web Buttons and Displays).

The steps to create the HMI are described below. This is how the HMI will look like in the end:

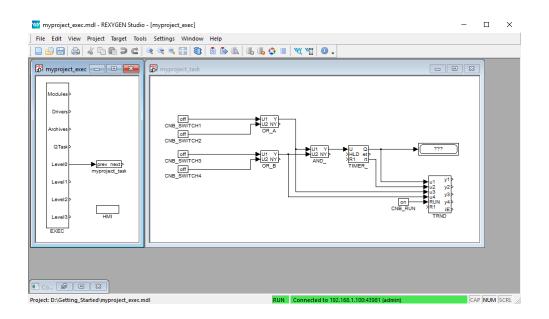


1. In the folder with the project files, create a hmisrc subfolder. Inside this folder, create a file named index.hmi.js and edit it with your favorite text editor. The content should be the following:

```
REX.HMI.init = function(){
//Indicators and virtual switches - group A
  var switchesA = {
    column: 1,
    title: 'Switches - group A',
    rows: [
      {type: 'DW', alias: 'switch1', desc: 'Switch 1',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH1:YCN'},
      {type: 'DW', alias: 'switch2', desc: 'Switch 2',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH2:YCN'},
      {type: 'DR', alias: 'S1orS2', desc: 'S1 OR S2',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.OR_A:Y'},
    ]
  };
  REX.WebBuDi.addSection(switchesA);
//Indicators and virtual switches - group A
  var switchesB = {
    column: 1,
    title: 'Switches - group B',
    rows: [
      {type: 'DW', alias: 'switch3', desc: 'Switch 3',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH3:YCN'},
      {type: 'DW', alias: 'switch4', desc: 'Switch 4',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH4:YCN'},
      {type: 'DR', alias: 'S3orS4', desc: 'S3 OR S4',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.OR_B:Y'},
    ]
  };
  REX.WebBuDi.addSection(switchesB);
//Timer input
  var timerInput = {
    column: 2,
    title: 'Timer input',
    rows: [
      {type: 'DR', alias: 'inputA', desc: 'Group A',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.AND_:U1'},
      {type: 'DR', alias: 'inputB', desc: 'Group B',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.AND_:U2'},
      {type: 'DR', alias: 'AandB', desc: 'A AND B',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.AND_:Y'},
    ]
```

```
};
  REX.WebBuDi.addSection(timerInput);
//Timer settings and status
  var timer = {
    column: 2,
    title: 'Timer',
    rows: [
      {type: 'AW', alias: 'interval', desc: 'Timer interval',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.TIMER_:pt'},
      {type: 'AR', alias: 'rt', desc: 'Remaining time',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.TIMER_:rt'},
      {type: 'DR', alias: 'timerQ', desc: 'Timer output',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.TIMER_:Q'},
    ]
  };
  REX.WebBuDi.addSection(timer);
  //Add real-time trend
  REX.HMI.Graph.addTrend({cstring: 'myproject_task.TRND'});
  REX.HMI.Graph.setMaxBufferSize(200);
  // Change title of the page
  REX.HMI.setTitle('My timer - HMI example');
}
```

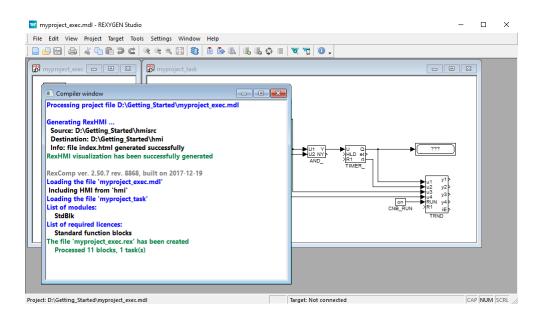
2. This file will be processed when compiling the project. However, it is necessary to add the EXEC/HMI block into the project main file first.



3. Double-click the HMI block to edit its parameters. Set GenerateWebWatch = off and confirm. WebWatch is another type of HMI, which you do not need at the moment. See [4] for details, it is a very interesting tool for developers and technicians.

ck	name:		Block type:	
11			execlib\HMI	
ck	type description:			
1I	configuration			
en	block documentation	<u>1</u>	<u> </u>	Toggle quick reference
a	meters Runtime	Style		
ca	alar parameters			
	Parameter	Value	Туре	Description
1	IncludeHMI	🗹 on	Bool	Include HMI files in the pr
2	HmiDir	hmi	String	Output folder for HMI files
3	SourceDir	hmisrc	String	Source directory
4	GenerateWebW	off	Bool	Generate WebWatch HMI
5	GenerateRexHMI	🗹 on	Bool	Build HMI from SVG and J
6	RedirectToHMI	🗹 on	Bool	Webserver will automatica
7	Compression	off	Bool	Enable data compression

4. The HMI is now an integral part of your project. Compile the project again and you will see that the compile log contains more information. The index.html file is generated from the source index.hmi.js file. All the HMI files are generated into the hmi subfolder (HTML, JS and CSS files) and included in the resulting binary myproject_exec.rex file.



5. After you download the project to the target device, you can access the HMI via web browser. Go to menu *Target/Web Interface* which will open the webpage. Remember the default login credentials: admin with no password.

	<u>ଜ</u> ୁ ପ୍ର	2.168.1.100:8008/hmi/index.htm			⊻ ॥/ ₪
*//		My timer	- HMI example		
	Swite	ches - group A	Tim	ner input	
	Switch 1	OFF(0) ON(1)	Group A	ON(1)	
	Switch 2	OFF(0) ON(1)	Group B	ON(1)	
	S1 OR S2	ON(1)	A AND B	ON(1)	
	Swite	ches - group B	-	Timer	
	Switch 3	OFF(0) ON(1)	Timer interval	5	
	Switch 4	OFF(0) ON(1)	Remaining time	0	
	S3 OR S4	ON(1)	Timer output	ON(1)	
					□ – u0
4					⊻ — u1 ⊻ — u2
2					∠ – u3
0	15:22:55	15:23	15:23:05	15:23:10	

6. You can toggle the switches and observe the results. The virtual switches are linked

to the individual CNB function blocks therefore the effect is the same as toggling the values directly in REXYGEN Studio.

- 7. You can also change the timer setting and shorten or lengthen the interval.
- 8. See [4] for detailed information about WebBuDi elements and possible customization (colors, backgrounds etc.).
- The default URL address is http://192.168.1.100:8008/hmi/index.html (replace 192.168.1.100 with the IP address of your Pigeon PLC).
- 10. The default port of the webserver (8008) can be changed in RexCore settings. See [2] for details.

Please note that there is also a program called REXYGEN HMI Designer, which allows you to create graphical user interfaces. Appendix A of this guide shows the steps to create a basic graphical interface. A more complex HMI is shown below solely for inspiration purposes.



4.4 Ready for interaction with the outer world

Well done! You have created the example 0101-01 from scratch³. You have learned the basic workflow for developing and running your algorithms using the REXYGEN system, which is the same for all platforms. Now it's time to add the so-called *input-output drivers* so that the algorithm can interact with sensors, actuators and external data.

³All examples which are part of the installation are marked by an ExampleID. The most up-to-date examples are available with the latest installation of development tools or at https://www.rexygen.com/example-projects/

Chapter 5

I/O configuration for the Pigeon PLC

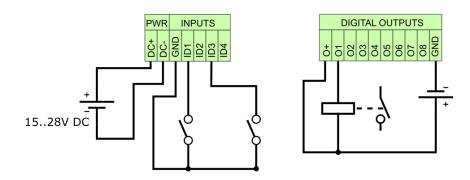
The previous chapter illustrated the process of creating a control algorithm in the REXY-GEN system and deploying it to the target device. But so far, the algorithm does not interact with the outer world, it is not connected to any physical signal (or external data).

We will use the input and output signals of the Pigeon PLC for interaction with the real world.

As mentioned in Chapter 4, two physical switches will be connected as inputs and a software timer will control one output signal. In other words, this chapter is devoted to advancing from the generic example 0101-01 to example 0123-01 for the Pigeon PLC.

5.1 Physical connections

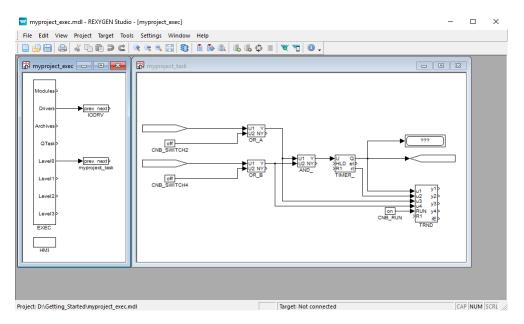
Connect the switches and an external relay as shown below. For details and wiring examples for Pigeon PLC visit http://pigeoncomputers.com/documentation/hardware/.



5.2 Adding inputs and outputs to the project

Now when we have everything wired up, it's time to include the physical signals into the algorithm. You need to expand your project main file with 2 additional function blocks to access the inputs and outputs from the control algorithm in your project. Insert the EXEC/MODULE and EXEC/IODRV blocks from the *Block library* and attach them to the EXEC block as shown below.

In the task file, delete the CNB_SWITCH1 and CNB_SWITCH3 blocks and replace them with INOUT/From blocks. These will be the input signals. Also add one INOUT/Goto block, which will serve as an output and which will be controlled by the timer. You already know that a new branch of a line is created by right-button dragging, don't you?



5.3 Working with I/O signals

5.3.1 Modifications in the project main file

Now we tell the compiler to use the Pigeon PLC I/O driver. To do this, edit the IODRV block parameters. Link the IODRV block with the RPiDrv module by setting

• module = RPiDrv - CASE SENSITIVE!

Continue editing the IODRV block parameters. For Pigeon PLC set the following:

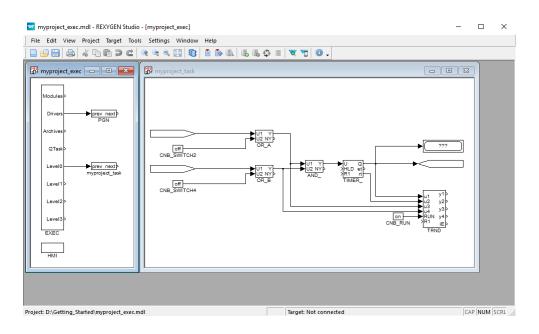
- classname = PgnDrv CASE SENSITIVE!
- Leave the **cfgname** parameter blank.
- factor = 1

• Leave the other parameters intact.

👐 Blo	ock properties					? ×
Block						
Block	name:			Block type:		
PGN				execlib\IODRV		
Block	type descripti	on:				
REX	YGEN input/ou	tput driver				
Open	n block docume	ntation		Ę	Doggle quick reference	
Para	meters Ru	ntime Style				
Sca	alar parameter	S				
	Paramet	er	Value	Туре	Description	
1	module	RPiDrv	a	String	Module name	
2	classname	PgnDrv		String	I/O driver class name	
3	cfgname			String	Configuration file name	me
4	factor	1		Long	Execution factor	
5	stack	10240		Long	Stack size [bytes]	
6	pri	3		Long	Driver thread logical	priority
7	timer	🗌 off		Bool	Driver is a source of t	ime
modu	ule: Module nar	ne				
🎲 Co	onfigure				OK	Cancel

As the final step, rename the $\tt IODRV$ block to <code>PGN</code>, which will serve as a prefix for all I/O signals of this driver.

The executive of the **REXYGEN** system is configured, your project should look like this:



5.3.2 Modifications in the task

In the task double-click the input flag and set $GotoTag = PGN_ID1$.Note the PGN prefix and two underscore characters. The first physical switch will be connected to digital input ID1.

SIOCK.	name:			Block type:		
From	1			From		
Block	type description:					
Signa	al connection or inpu	t				
Open	block documentation	<u>n</u>		ļ.	Toggle quick reference	
	meters Runtime	Style				
	Parameter		Value	Туре	Description	
1	GotoTag	PGN_ID1		String	Goto tag	

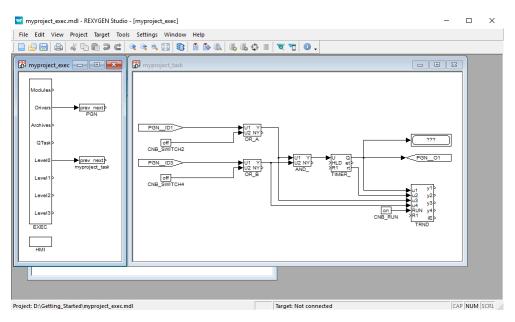
The second physical switch will be connected to ID3 (PGN_ID3) and the output signal O1 (PGN_O1) will serve as control signal for the external relay.

Similarly for other I/Os we could use the following flags:

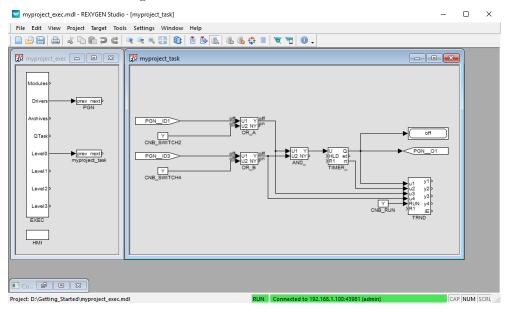
- Goto, PGN__08 output 8
- From, PGN__I6 optoisolated digital input 6
- From, PGN__AI2 analog input 2 (only RB300)

A detailed description of the I/O driver for Pigeon PLC is available in a separate manual [5].

Your project should now look like this:



After compiling the project and downloading it to the Pigeon PLC the control algorithm interacts with the physical world. Again it is possible to switch to Watch mode and observe the signals in real-time or analyze the trends of signals. Flip the physical switches and watch the signals.



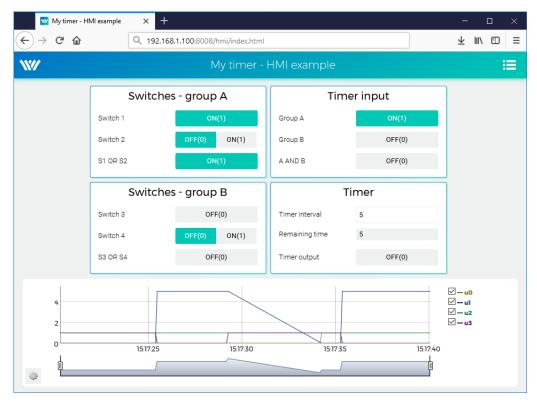
5.4 Updating the HMI

It is also necessary to update the HMI. The CNB_SWITCH1 and CNB_SWITCH3 blocks are no longer present in the algorithm. Moreover, we need to replace virtual input elements (DW) with indicators (DR). Therefore open the index.hmi.js file and replace

```
{type: 'DW', alias: 'switch1', desc: 'Switch 1',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH1:YCN'},
with
      {type: 'DR', alias: 'switch1', desc: 'Switch 1',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.OR_A:U1'},
   Similarly for switch no. 3, replace
      {type: 'DW', alias: 'switch3', desc: 'Switch 3',
        cstring: 'myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH3:YCN'},
with
```

```
{type: 'DR', alias: 'switch3', desc: 'Switch 3',
 cstring: 'myproject_task.OR_B:U1'},
```

Save the file, compile and download the project again and open the web interface. Push the two physical switches and wait until the timer triggers the output. Alternatively, you can still use the virtual switches. This demonstrates that you can combine physical and virtual input elements.



5.5 Additional information

5.5.1 Detailed description of the driver

A detailed description of the IO driver for Pigeon PLC is available in a separate manual [5].

5.5.2 Examples

Example projects and a set of all supported I/O flags are included in the installation package of the REXYGEN system development tools. In REXYGEN Studio, go to menu File \rightarrow Start from an Example Project and select one of the Pigeon PLC examples. As mentioned earlier, the most up-to-date information about examples are available at https://www.rexygen.com/example-projects/

Chapter 6

Summary

Congratulations, you have created the example 0123-01 from scratch! You have learned how to develop, compile and run your algorithms on the Pigeon PLC. The interaction with sensors and actuators is provided via input-output driver of the REXYGEN system, which you have learned to configure and use.

You have achieved quite a lot in a relatively short time, haven't you? The purpose of this guide was to quickly show you the basic steps and tools for developing a project.

Now it's time to focus on your own project and keep learning on the go. There are function blocks which are much more powerful than the ones mentioned in this guide, there are many inspiring example projects, there are additional I/O drivers which you can use to expand the scope of your project, there are many ways to exchange data with external systems and devices, etc.

Remember that whenever you have some achievement to share, we will be happy to hear from you. And whenever you encounter any difficulties, we will be happy to help. You can reach us at support@rexygen.com.

Appendix A

Graphical HMI with REXYGEN HMI Designer

Chapter 4 describes the creation of a simple WebBuDi user interface. The REXYGEN development tools also contain the REXYGEN HMI Designer program which is a tool for designing custom graphical visualizations from predefined components¹. The REXYGEN HMI Designer is based on the well-known open-source vector editor InkscapeTM https://inkscape.org/en/.

In this chapter we'll develop an alternative HMI for the example 0101-01. Just like in the case of the WebBuDi user interface, the SVG file created with REXYGEN HMI Designer will serve as a source file which will become a part of your REXYGEN project. During compilation of the project the SVG file will be processed and converted to HTML, JS and CSS files.

A.1 Initializing the HMI design

After launching the REXYGEN HMI Designer from *Start Menu* you will find a clean page. The first thing to do is to initialize the new visualization. The HMI is configured via the *REXYGEN HMI* extensions. Navigate to *Extensions* \rightarrow *REXYGEN HMI* \rightarrow *Edit HMI Config* in the menu.

¹Definition of custom components is also possible but it requires a bit of Javascript coding.

New document 1 - RexHMI Designer		
<u>File Edit View Layer Object Path</u>	<u>T</u> ext Filters Extensions <u>H</u> elp	
	Previous Extension Previous Extension Settings	Alt+Q . Shift+Alt+Q . Shift+Alt+Q
N	REXYGEN HMI	Browse Components Library Ctrl+L
F	Arrange	 Edit Component Ctrl+E
R WW RI	EXYGEN Colour	 Edit HMI Config
FIMI	Document	Export HMI Ctrl+H
	Export	 Group Animation Ctrl+.
E	Gcodetools	Update Components
	Generate from Path	Version Info
	Images	
	JessyInk Modify Path	
	Raster	
\bigcirc	Render	
€ <u>}</u>	Stylesheet	•
	Text	
0	Typography	
20	Visualise Path	
	Web	>
<u>T</u>		
V		
>>		» »
<		4
Fill: N/A O: 0 ↓ ₩ ⓓ •L Stroke: N/A	Layer 1 🔻	X: 388,57 Y: 1042,86 Z: 35%

This extension adds a special component which contains general settings of the HMI. Close it with the OK button for now.

New document 1 - RexHMI Designer	g REX HMI Configuration	
File Edit View Layer Object Pat	Connections Options HTML export	
	Alias Connection String	Туре
		- E
		<u>ک</u> (*)
6		
6 20 24		D **
2		
	+ - Browse Save	.csv Load .csv
» X		
Fill: N/A or a method	OK	Cancel
Fill: N/A O: 0 🐳 🕷	Layer 1 CITL CITCK to select in groups, drag to move non vert	,71 Y: 560,00 Z: 35% €

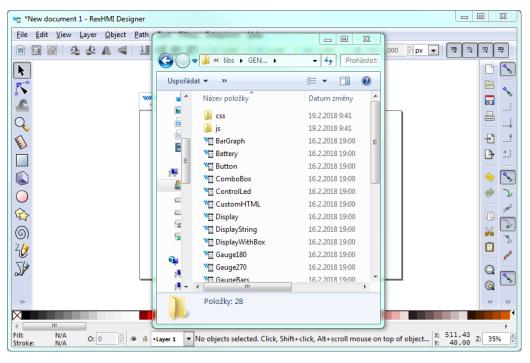
In order to include the HMI during the $\mathsf{REXYGEN}$ project compilation, the file name

has to end with .hmi.svg. Save the file as e.g. designer.hmi.svg to the hmisrc subfolder of your project. Use the standard $File \rightarrow Save as$ menu.

Note: If you want to replace the WebBuDi interface with the REXYGEN HMI Designer interface just delete the index.hmi.js and save the HMI as index.hmi.svg.

A.2 Adding the first HMI components

Now we will add some displays and inputs. The REXYGEN HMI Designer contains a library of components which you can use to build your HMI. The library is available through *Browse Components Library* extensions. Navigate to *Extensions* \rightarrow *REXYGEN HMI* \rightarrow *Browse Components Library* (Ctrl+L). It will open the explorer window with several folders. Open the GENERAL folder and drag&drop the Display to the drawing. The display will be used as an indicator of the remaining time in the TIMER function block.



For configuration of the display settings select the display by mouse click on top of it and use the *Edit Component* extension from *Extensions* \rightarrow *REXYGEN HMI* \rightarrow *Edit Component* (Ctrl+E). When the configuration dialog is opened you can change the *Title* to *Display_remaining*. The Edit Component dialog has two tabs: *Data points* and *Options*.

The *Data points* tab contains three items defining the behavior and animations of the component. Each data point contains an alias, which is in fact a connection to live data from the REXYGEN algorithm.

• value – The value to display.

- disable_by If true the display is disabled and data are no longer updated.
- hide_by If true the display is hidden.

The value property contains T_value . The T will be later automatically substituted by the *Title* of the component, resulting in the Display_remaining_value alias. The disable_by and hide_by data points are optional. Leave them blank at the moment.

The *Options* tab contains several properties which are specific for the Display component. You can find the description of each component and property in [4]. Leave the default values for now and press OK.

Note: Each component is in fact one SVG group with unique content. You can copy the components all over the screen using copy (Ctrl+C) and paste (Ctrl+V) approach.

Edit HMI Component		Edit HMI Component	
Title (\$T): Display_remaining Display_remaining Data points Options	ID: Display Module: Display Version: 10	le (\$T): Display_remaining	ID: Display Module: Display Version: 10
value \$T	_value	format	number 🔻
disable_by		text_format	
hide_by		scale	1
		offset	0
		decimals	2
		color	#000000
		colorAbove	#df2626
		colorBelow	#0074c5
		rangeMax	10
		rangeMin	0
Browse Aliases		units	
	OK Cancel		OK Cancel

Now we will add controls for all the switches (CNB blocks). All of them will be controlled using the *PushOnOff* components. Add them from the library. Select the first *PushOnOff* and open the editor dialog *Extensions* \rightarrow *REXYGEN HMI* \rightarrow *Edit Component* (*Ctrl+E*). Change the title to *PushOnOff_SW_1* and select the *Options* tab. Select the **ToggleButton** item in the **type** property list. Close the *Edit Component* dialog using OK button. Copy-paste the button three times and remember to change the titles to *PushOnOff_SW_2*, *PushOnOff_SW_3*, *PushOnOff_SW_4*).

Note: Throughout the REXYGEN HMI Designer you can use double click in Options tab to open the corresponding configuration dialog (color picker, number input, etc.).

Edit HMI Component	
Title (\$T): PushOnOff_SW_2	2 ID: g2715 Module: PushOnOff Version: 12
Data points Options	ToggleButton
reverseMeaning	PushButton ManualPulse ManualPulseRpt
colorTrue	ToggleButton #00C8B4
writePerm	
	OK Cancel

Now we have four PushOnOff buttons and one Display and we want to link all components with live data from the target device.

A.3 Linking HMI components with the running algorithm

Open the HMI Configuration dialog either using Extensions $\rightarrow REXYGEN HMI \rightarrow Edit$ HMI Config or just unselect all components in the drawing (click outside any component) and press Ctrl+E. The configurator parses all components and creates a list of used Aliases. Each of them should be linked with one signal in the running algorithm. You can either fill in each connection string manually or you can use the Browse function.

REX HMI Configuration	xport)	
Alias	Connection String	Туре
Display_remaining_value		R
PushOnOff_SW_1		w -
PushOnOff_SW_2		w -
PushOnOff_SW_3		w -
PushOnOff_SW_4		w -
+ - Browse	Save .	csv Load .csv
DIOWSE	Jave .	cav [codu.cav]

The *Browser* requires a target device with running algorithm. Make sure the algorithm is running, see Section 4.2. Also the target URL must be set. Press *Browse* button. The login dialog will be opened. Change Target to 192.168.1.100:8008 (replace 192.168.1.100 with the IP address of your Pigeon PLC). Unless you changed the login credentials, use the default username admin with an empty password. After a successful login the connection tab is expanded with a tree-view of the running algorithm (you have already seen this tree-view in algorithm diagnostics).

Alias		Connection String	Туре
Display_remaining_	value		R 🔻
PushOnOff_SW_1			w -
PushOnOff_SW_2			w -
PushOnOff_SW_3			w -
PushOnOff_SW_4			w -
	Target: Usernam Password Save pas	1:	
+ - Brow	100	Save .csv	Load .csv

Select *Connection String* field of the Display_remaining_value item and afterwards browse the tree to the TIMER_ block and double-click the rt parameter. The connection string of the parameter is copied to the Display_remaining_value alias, which is shown in the next figure.

Alias	Connection String	Туре	myproject_task
Display_remaining_value	myproject_task.TIMER_:rt	R 🔻	CNB_RUN CNB_SWITCH1
PushOnOff_SW_1		w -	
PushOnOff SW 2		w -	CNB_SWITCH3 CNB_SWITCH4
PushOnOff_SW_3		w -	OR_A
PushOnOff_SW_4		W 🔻	AND_ IND_ INDER
			• <u>•</u> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
			HLD
			MI R1
			P mode
			P pt
			🕑 Q
			🕒 et
			🕒 rt
			Display
			TRND

Once the display is linked we will also link the switches. Just browse the tree to CNB_SWITCH1, select the *Connection String* field of the *PushOnOff_SW_1* alias and double-click the YCN parameter. Repeat this for the remaining connection strings. Afterwards press OK to save the settings and close the dialog.

Connections \(Options \(HTML export \	
Alias	Connection String	Туре
Display_remaining_value	myproject_task.TIMER_:rt	R 🔻
PushOnOff_SW_1	myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH1:YCN	w -
PushOnOff_SW_2	myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH2:YCN	w -
PushOnOff_SW_3	myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH3:YCN	w -
PushOnOff_SW_4	myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH4:YCN	w -

The interactive components in REXYGEN HMI Designer are just parts of the drawing. The user can position the components arbitrarily and add as many decorative static components to as needed. We will add some text descriptions to distinguish individual buttons. Use the *Text tool* (F8), click anywhere in an empty space and start typing. Pick the *Select and Transform tool* (F1) afterwards and move the texts and buttons.

Note: More information about custom drawing can be found in Inkscape tutorials (See the Help \rightarrow Tutorials \rightarrow Inkscape: Basic)

 ayer <u>O</u> bject <u>P</u> ath <u>T</u> ext Fil	tter <u>s</u> Exte <u>n</u> sions <u>H</u> elp ■ ↑ X: 12,000 v Y: 602,0	00 x W: 386,000 x & H: 186,000 x	
WREXYCEN HMI Config switch 1 switch 2 switch 3 switch 4	Timer input S1 OR S2 S3 OR S4 A AND B	Timer timer interval remaining X.XX time output	
C: 0 ⊻ & ∂ •Layer 1 •	Click to Select and Transform	n objects, Drag to select many objects.	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>

A.4 Adding more HMI components

Next we will add more components to control the timer and show the status of the OR and AND blocks. Open the Elements library (Ctrl+L) and add one *Input* and four *Led* components. The LEDs will show the status of Boolean values and the *Input* will be used for changing the default timer interval value.

In the *Led* components just edit the Title via the *Edit Component* extension (select the component by single click and press Ctrl+E). The titles should be Led_OR_A, Led_OR_B, Led_AND, and Led_TIMER_OUT respectively. Finally edit the *Input* component by changing the Title to Input_interval.

The last component we need is a graph showing the time-plot of data from the TRND block. Use the components library (Ctrl+L) and add a TRND component. You can adjust its size to fit the desired position. Edit the component (Ctrl+E) and change the Title to TRND and switch to the *Options* tab. Double-click the signals property. Add the following labels using the plus (+) button: timer out, rem. time, OR A, OR B. These labels will be shown in the legend of the graph.

W Edit	HMI Component			8
Title (\$1	T): TRND	ID:	TRND	
		Module:	TRND	
		Version:	10	
	points Options		8 X	
ť				
s		label		
Ł	timer out			
r	rem. time			
н	OR A			
	OR B			
	+ •	ОК	Cancel	
			ОК Са	ncel

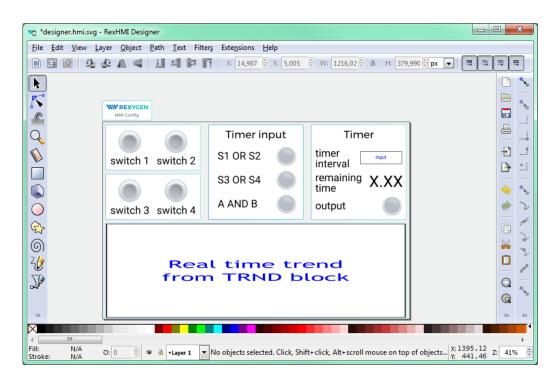
A.5 Additional links to the running algorithm

When all the components are in place we link them to the running algorithm again. Just repeat the procedure described in Section A.3, open the HMI Configuration dialog (*Extensions* \rightarrow *REXYGEN HMI* \rightarrow *Edit HMI Config* and browse the running algorithm to pair the remaining aliases with corresponding connection strings. The list is shown in the following image.

Alias	Connection String	Туре
Display_remaining_value	myproject_task.TIMER_:rt	R 🔻
Input_interval_W	myproject_task.TIMER_:pt	w -
Led_AND	myproject_task.AND_:Y	R -
Led_OR_A	myproject_task.OR_A:Y	R -
Led_OR_B	myproject_task.OR_B:Y	R -
Led_TIMER_OUT	myproject_task.TIMER_:Q	R -
PushOnOff_SW_1	myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH1:YCN	w -
PushOnOff_SW_2	myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH2:YCN	w -
PushOnOff_SW_3	myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH3:YCN	w -
PushOnOff_SW_4	myproject_task.CNB_SWITCH4:YCN	w -
TRND	myproject_task.TRND:u1	R 🔻
+ - Browse	Save .csv	Load .csv

A.6 The final steps

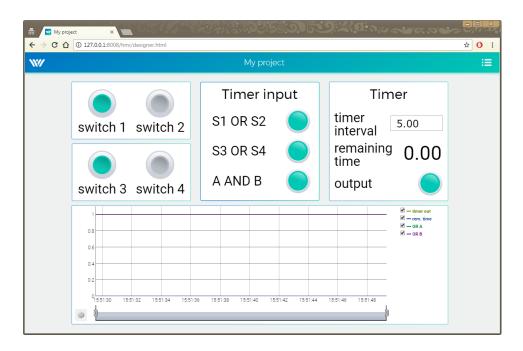
Congratulations, your first graphical HMI is almost ready! Add a few rectangles which will visually divide the HMI into individual sections. Use the *Squares and rectangles tool* (F4), draw the rectangle, pick a color from the palette and send the rectangle to the background using the End key. Do not forget to save the drawing.



As mentioned earlier, the *.hmi.svg files in the hmisrc folder are automatically processed while the project is compiled in the REXYGEN Studio application. The project main file must contain the HMI block with GenerateRexHMI parameter enabled. This was already covered in Section 4.3 so you should have everything ready.

Once you compile the project again and download it to your Pigeon PLC, the HMI will be accessible via a web browser. Navigate to

http://192.168.1.100:8008/hmi/designer.html (replace 192.168.1.100 with the IP address of your Pigeon PLC). You will see your HMI with live data.



This tutorial covers only the very basic components. If you want to get more information about additional components, see [4].

Appendix B

Licensing of the REXYGEN system

The licensing model of the **REXYGEN** system is quite simple:

- The development tools are free to use, you can install it on as many computers as you want.
- The RexCore runtime module always needs a licence to run on your Pigeon PLC. There are DEMO licences available at no cost and there are permanent licences which you can purchase. Each Pigeon PLC needs an individual licence.

B.1 Obtaining a DEMO licence

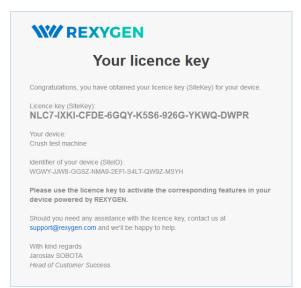
The DEMO licence is intended for evaluating, testing and educational purposes. Feel free to experiment with the DEMO licence as long as you need. Commercial use of the DEMO licence is not allowed.

When you try to run your algorithm on a device which does not have a valid licence, you are offered a few options. Unless you already have a licence key or a licence voucher, you'll need to get a DEMO licence.

W No licence on target device	×
No valid licence key has been found on the target device.	
Request a free DEMO LICENCE	
Try REXYGEN at no cost	
I have a LICENCE VOUCHER	
Apply your licence voucher and get a licence key	
I have a LICENCE KEY	
Enter your licence key and you are ready to go	
Connect anyways	
Target device identifier (Site ID): WGWY-JJW8-GGSZ-NMA9-2EFI-S4LT-QW9Z-MSYH	
Version:	
REXYGEN runtime core version 2.50.7.9077	

Identify yourself and you'll receive a DEMO licence key via e-mail. The licence key is called a SiteKey.

₩ Get DEN	/IO licence key X
First name:	John
Last name:	Doe
Email:	johndoe@domain.com
Description ((for your reference):
Crush test r	nachine
	Get DEMO licence
Privacy polic	y statement Registered REXYGEN user?



Once you have your DEMO licence key (SiteKey), apply it.

WW No Konner en terret de úse	×	
W No licence on target device	~	•
No valid licence key has been found on the target device	æ.	
Request a free DEMO LICENCE Try REXYGEN at no cost		
I have a LICENCE VOUCHER Apply your licence voucher and get a licence key		
I have a LICENCE KEY Enter your licence key and you are ready to go		
Connect anyways		
Target device identifier (Site ID): WGWY-JJW8-GGSZ-NMA9-2EFI-S4LT-QW9Z-MSYH Version: REXYGEN runtime core version 2.50.7.9077		
W Apply licence key	?	×
Enter your licence key:		
NLC7-IXKI-CFDE-6GQY-K5S6-926G-YK	WQ-D	WPR
Apply licence key		



Once successfully applied, your algorithm will download to your Pigeon PLC. You can review your licence keys in REXYGEN Studio. Go to menu $Target \rightarrow Li$ -

ite ID: WGWY-JJW8-GGSZ-N	MA9-2	2EFI-S4LT-QV	19Z-MSYH	
Licensed features			Registered keys	
Feature	Expires	Licence type	NLC7-IXKI-CFDE-6GQY-K5S6-926G-YKWQ-DWP	
RexCore Plus	Never	Demo		
Standard function blocks	Never	Demo		
Advanced function blocks	Never	Demo		
Motion control blocks (single- and	Never	Demo		
Modbus driver - TCP master	Never	Demo		
Modbus driver - serial master (RTU)	Never	Demo		
Modbus driver - TCP slave	Never	Demo		
Modbus driver - serial slave (RTU)	Never	Demo		
EtherCAT driver - master node	Never	Demo		
CAN/CANopen driver	Never	Demo		
1-Wire driver (via OWFS)	Never	Demo		
Siemens PLC communication driver	Never	Demo		
Database access driver (via ODBC)	Never	Demo		
Advanced matrix function blocks	Never	Demo		
REXLANG programmable function	Never	Demo		
Motion control blocks (coordinate	Never	Demo		
Omron PLC communication driver	Never	Demo		

Evaluation version of RexCore (REXYGEN runtime core) is functional for 2 hours. It is possible to run your algorithm on the Pigeon PLC but you cannot store it permanently. The algorithm resides only in the RAM memory therefore it will not run after a restart or power-up. You can use almost all function blocks, see [1]. The RexCore runtime core on the target device is terminated after 2 hours of operation in demo mode without any warning. After a restart, you have another 2 hours for your experiments.

B.2 Obtaining a permanent licence

censing to list the licence keys and activated modules.

It is necessary to activate the RexCore runtime module and optional additional modules for permanent operation. This can be done using the licence, which you can obtain at

www.rexygen.com/pricing

B.2.1 Activation of the permanent licence

Each device running the RexCore runtime module is identified by the so-called SiteID tag. The purchased licence must be associated with the hardware device, i.e. with the SiteID tag.

1. In REXYGEN Studio, connect to the device and go to menu $Target \rightarrow Licensing$. A dialog pops up and you will see the SiteID and your licences.

ite ID: WGWY-JJW8-GGSZ-1	MMA9-	2EFI-S4LT-QW	9Z-MSYH	
Licensed features			Registered keys	
Feature	Expires	Licence type	NLC7-IXKI-CFDE-6GQY-K5S6-926G-YKWQ-DWP	
RexCore Plus	Never	Demo		
Standard function blocks	Never	Demo		
Advanced function blocks	Never	Demo		
Motion control blocks (single- and	Never	Demo		
Modbus driver - TCP master	Never	Demo		
Modbus driver - serial master (RTU)	Never	Demo		
Modbus driver - TCP slave	Never	Demo		
Modbus driver - serial slave (RTU)	Never	Demo		
EtherCAT driver - master node	Never	Demo		
CAN/CANopen driver	Never	Demo		
1-Wire driver (via OWFS)	Never	Demo		
Siemens PLC communication driver	Never	Demo		
Database access driver (via ODBC)	Never	Demo		
Advanced matrix function blocks	Never	Demo		
REXLANG programmable function	Never	Demo		
Motion control blocks (coordinate	Never	Demo		
Omron PLC communication driver	Never	Demo		

2. Delete any DEMO licence keys if present.

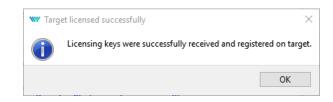
3. Afterwards, click the *Apply licence voucher* button and enter your licence voucher code.

Market Apply licence voucher X
Licence voucher:
VZI-QMQ-61U
Description (for your reference):
Crush test machine
Apply licence voucher
Privacy policy statement Registered REXYGEN user?
Target device identifier (Site ID):
WGWY-JJW8-GGSZ-NMA9-2EFI-S4LT-QW9Z-MSYH
Version:
REXYGEN runtime core version 2.50.7.9077

4. You are asked to confirm the association – this is the last and irreversible step.

W Apply lice	ence voucher permanently?	×
	ible operation. Once the voucher is applied, it is permanent dware device.	ly
Are you sure	you wish to proceed?	
	YES	
	A licence key will be generated	
	NO	

5. The so-called SiteKey licence key is generated from your licence voucher and it is stored in your device. The licence key allows permanent operation of the runtime core.



6. To check the licence, make sure the REXYGEN Studio is connected to the device and open the licensing dialog again ($Target \rightarrow Licensing$). Check that the licence was applied correctly and that the RexCore runtime module no longer runs in demo mode.

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7U6M-5RP

7. It is highly recommended to check the licence again after a reboot of the device.

Bibliography

- [1] REX Controls s.r.o.. Function blocks of REXYGEN reference manual, 2020. \rightarrow .
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- [4] REX Controls s.r.o.. REXYGEN HMI User manual, 2020. \rightarrow .
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